

	<b>Standard Operating Procedure</b> <b>Mangiferin Determination by HPLC-UV</b>	<b>SOP Number</b> <b>D-739</b>	<b>Revision</b> <b>0</b>
		<b>Effective Date</b> <i>06/03/21</i>	<b>Page</b> <b>Page 1 of 4</b>
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## 1.0 Purpose

This document describes the analytical procedure for the determination of Mangiferin in raw materials.

## 2.0 Scope

This procedure applies to the identification and quantification of Mangiferin in raw materials. This method was validated under protocol PRTCL-21-0013.

## 3.0 Responsibility

- 3.1 It is the responsibility of QC and Analytical chemists who have verified their ability to execute this procedure to follow this procedure.
- 3.2 It is the responsibility of the QC Laboratory Management to implement this procedure and to ensure that the procedure is being followed.
- 3.3 It is the responsibility of the QC Laboratory Management and AD Personnel to keep this procedure current with the associated monographs and laboratory practices.

## 4.0 Definitions

- 4.1 QC – Quality Control
- 4.2 AD – Analytical Development
- 4.3 DMSO - Dimethylsulfoxide
- 4.4 MeOH – Methanol
- 4.5 H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> – Phosphoric Acid
- 4.6 ACS – American Chemical Society
- 4.7 HPLC – High Performance Liquid Chromatography
- 4.8 UV – Ultraviolet (Detection)

## 5.0 References

- 5.1 PRTCL-21-0013 – Validation of an Analytical Method for the Determination of Mangiferin by HPLC-UV

## 6.0 Supplies

6.1 Chemicals – All reagents are ACS grade or better.

- 6.1.1 Milli-Q Water
- 6.1.2 MeOH
- 6.1.3 DMSO
- 6.1.4 H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>
- 6.1.5 Mangiferin Reference Standard

6.2 Supplies and Glassware

- 6.2.1 HPLC vials, 12mm X 32mm with screw cap enclosures w/ septa
- 6.2.2 Volumetric glassware and/or adjustable pipettes and tips
- 6.2.3 Weigh paper and/or funnels
- 6.2.4 Syringes with 0.45µ Nylon Syringe Filters

6.3 Equipment

- 6.3.1 Suitable gradient HPLC system consisting of a pump, autosampler, column oven and UV detector with a chromatographic data handling system
- 6.3.2 Analytical Balance
- 6.3.3 Wrist Action Shaker
- 6.3.4 Sonicator Bath

## 7.0 Procedure

7.1 Mobile Phase & Diluent Preparation

- 7.1.1 Mobile Phase
  - 7.1.1.1 Mobile Phase A: Add 2000 µL of H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> to 1000 mL of water and mix well.
  - 7.1.1.2 Mobile Phase B: MeOH
- 7.1.2 Extraction Solvent
  - 7.1.2.1 Combine equal volumes of MeOH and DMSO and mix well.
- 7.1.3 Diluent
  - 7.1.3.1 MeOH
- 7.1.4 Preparations may be scaled as necessary

## 7.2 Standard Preparation

- 7.2.1 Accurately weigh and transfer about 25 mg of Mangiferin reference standard into a 100 mL volumetric flask. Add ~50 mL of Extraction Solvent and shake mechanically for ten minutes.
- 7.2.2 QS to volume and sonicate for five minutes. Cool to ambient and mix well – this is the Mangiferin Stock. Dilute the Mangiferin Stock 1:5 with Diluent – this is the Mangiferin Working Standard.

## 7.3 Sample Preparation

- 7.3.1 The validated range for the analytical method is 0.0306 – 0.0713 mg/mL.
- 7.3.2 Extract sufficient sample (based on the manufacturer assay value) with Extraction Solvent in order to generate a concentration that is within the validated linear range.
- 7.3.3 Samples can be dissolved in Extraction Solvent at any volume starting from 100mL. The volume chosen must be in the solubility range of Mangiferin (validated at ~0.25 mg/ml). To manage large volumes, the sample can be initially dissolved in a smaller volume that is within the solubility range and a portion further diluted with Diluent to bring the Mangiferin concentration into the linear range.
- 7.3.4 Fill the flask to about 50% of the chosen volume with Extraction Solvent and shake mechanically for 10 minutes. QS to volume then sonicate for 5 minutes. Cool to ambient, perform further dilutions as required using Diluent then filter a 5ml aliquot for analysis, discarding the first 3-4ml of filtrate.
- 7.3.5 For raw materials being analyzed for the first time using this method, an in process validation is required to demonstrate spectral purity, baseline separation of peaks, and extraction efficiency as a part of system suitability before data can be reported using this method.

## 7.4 HPLC Parameters

- 7.4.1 Column: Restek Raptor ARC-18, 4.6 x 150mm, 2.7 $\mu$ m (Or Equivalent)
- 7.4.2 Column Temperature: 45°C
- 7.4.3 Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min
- 7.4.4 Mobile Phase: Gradient

7.4.4.1	<u>Time, min</u>	<u>%B (MeOH)</u>
	0.00	10
	2.00	10
	14.00	80
	14.10	10
	20.00	10

- 7.4.5 Wavelength: 258 nm
- 7.4.6 Injection Volume: 5 µL
- 7.4.7 Run Time: 20 minutes
- 7.4.8 3-D Spectral Range (for Identification) - 220nm to 400nm

7.5 Recommended Sequence

- 7.5.1 Make at least 2 injections of the Diluent.
- 7.5.2 Make at least five (5) injections of Mangiferin Working Standard.
- 7.5.3 Make a single injection of each Sample Preparation.

7.6 System Suitability Requirements

- 7.6.1 The %RSD of five (5) consecutive standard injections is NMT 2.0%
- 7.6.2 If present, any interference in the diluent should be subtracted out of the sample and standard peak areas.

7.7 Example calculations for determining raw material % assay:

$$7.7.1 \quad \% = \frac{R_u}{R_s} \times \frac{Wt_{std} \times P}{V_{std}} \times \frac{1}{SA} \times \frac{V_{spl}}{1} \times 100$$

- $R_u$  Sample peak area
- $R_s$  Mean (n=5) standard peak area
- $Wt_{std}$  Weight of the reference standard
- $V_{std}$  Volume of the standard preparation accounting for dilutions in mL
- $P$  Purity of the reference standard in decimal format
- $SA$  Sample amount
- $V_{spl}$  Volume of the sample preparation accounting for dilutions in mL

7.8 System Wash, Column Wash and Column Storage

- 7.8.1 Wash and store the column in 75:25 ACN / Water.

**8.0 Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description of Changes	CCR #	By
0	04/14/21	New	N/A	C. Perry